

Empowering Citizens with a Voice and Role in Municipal Stormwater, "Our Voice Our Water"



### **Empowering Citizens with a Voice and Role in Municipal Stormwater, "Our Voice Our Water"**

SESWA Annual Conference Pre-Conference Workshop - Effective Stormwater Public Education and Outreach October 6, 2021









RISING SOLUTIONS PLLC



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# **Our Supporting Entities**

Water Resources Research Institute – Stormwater Consortium

Johnson C. Smith University



Regional Stormwater Partnership of the Carolinas



REGIONAL STORMWATER PARTNERSHIP OF THE CAROLINAS

RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Charlotte-Mecklenburg Stormwater Services

Rising Solutions, PLLC



Conservation Trust Fund – AmeriCorps NC/NC Resilience Corps





### **Our Researchers**

Principal Investigator: Dr. Bryan Patterson, Johnson C. Smith Univ. Assistant Professor of Public Leadership Studies Department of Interdisciplinary Studies, Philosophy, and Religion

Co-Investigators: Dr. Kari Raburn, Rising Solutions, PLLC. VP of Chemistry and Engineering

Regina Guyer, P.E., Rising Solutions, PLLC. President

Researcher: Daisha Williams, NC AmeriCorps/Resilience Corps NC



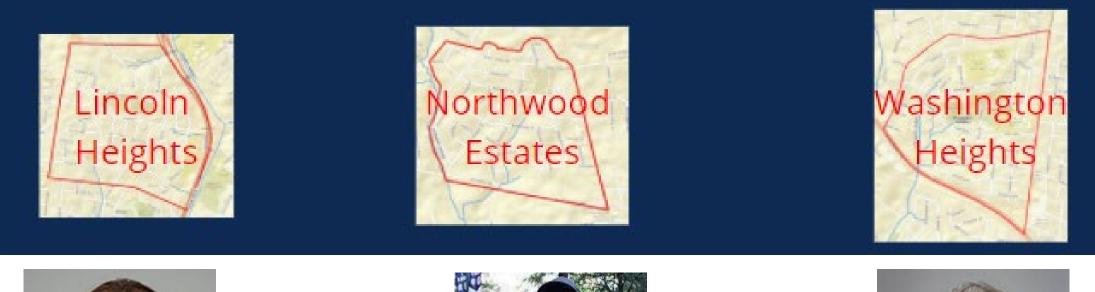








### **Our Community Leaders**





Ms. Thelma Byers-Bailey



Mr. Ron Ross



Ms. Mattie Marshall



### Calls,

# **Our Community Partners**

- Charlotte -Mecklenburg Storm Water Services
   David Caldwell, Water Quality Supervisor
   Ashley Smith, Senior Environmental Specialist
   Ken Friday, Environmental Specialist
- Keep Charlotte Beautiful Jonathan Hill, Program Manager
- Mecklenburg County Solid Waste

Jeff Smithberger, Solid Waste Management Director Joe Hack, Engineering & Compliance Steve Hoffman, Operations Manager











# Project Overview

**Purpose:** In Washington Heights, Lincoln Heights and Northwood Estates

- Foster community engagement
- Enhance community-municipal partnerships
- Address linkages between stormwater and trash, litter and/or illicit discharges





# Neighborhood Empowerment Model

- 1. Meeting citizens
- 2. Citizens' perspectives surveys
- 3. Citizens' 3-1-1 calls data evaluation
- 4. Development of educational materials
- 5. Having a voice virtual workshop
- 6. Focus groups
- 7. Stream indexing assessments
- 8. Volunteer participation events



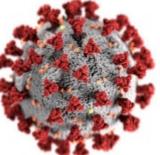
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# Acknowledge that there will be Barriers and Challenges

This time they have included:

- Being sensitive to the realities of covid when engaging with citizens.
- Johnson C. Smith University students virtual learning.
- Overcoming persistent and present racial injustice, while finding room for stormwater/environmental education and insight.
- Lincoln Heights Neighborhood Tragedy during 2020 Juneteenth Event.

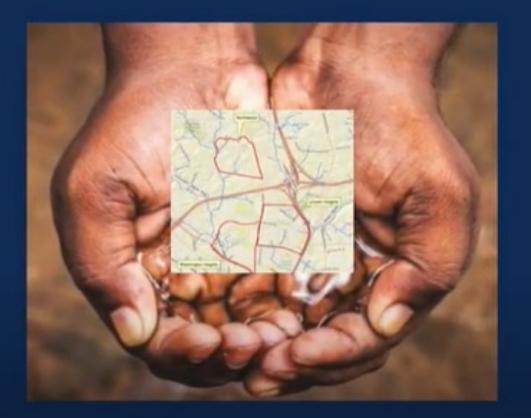








# Our Voice Our Water Project





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A5LzkCfrLsA&t=45s





### Our Voice

- Meeting Citizens
- Surveys
- 311 Calls
- Focus Groups





# **Meeting Citizens**

- Neighborhood Presidents
  - Emails
  - Phone calls
  - Zoom meetings
- Neighborhood Meetings
  - Request to be included on the agenda
  - Attend meeting (Researchers and Charlotte Mecklenburg Stormwater Staff)
  - Present information on stormwater and "Our Voice Our Water" project
  - Talk with attendees
- Challenge: Neighborhood meetings were not occurring due to COVID
- Board Meeting
  - Thelma Byers-Bailey, President of Lincoln Heights, suggested meeting with their Board
  - Delivery of meals to Neighborhood Board Members
  - Zoom Meeting with Neighborhood Board

### Learning Lessons from Our Community Leaders



Ms. Thelma Byers-Bailey Lincoln Heights



Ms. Mattie Marshall Washington Heights



Mr. Ron Ross, Northwood Estates

- Keys to Implementation: 1) Building trust 2) Learning community language 3) Accountability
- Listening to Learn- Each community has its unique way of addressing community concerns.
- Ms. Thelma Byers Bailey Engaging with neighborhood leaders in leadership team zoom meetings. She provided the community family perspective. Through food and fellowship how the community heals after tragedy and survives challenges of Covid.
- Ms. Mattie Marshall Christmas card made from informational flyers. Involvement with neighborhood activities and for neighborhood workshop space in reimagining the community surrounding the History Washington Heights Community.
- Mr. Ron Ross "Learn at the Curb" and building participation with several events. Mr. Ross
  recognized the need to for action. "More Action = More Results= More Future Engagement"





# Surveys

- Initial Neighborhood Survey (Summer 2020-Winter 2021)
  - 47 respondents
- Volunteer Participation Events Survey (Spring 2021)
  - 32 respondents
- Post Neighborhood Survey (Summer 2021)
  - 25 respondents



- Greater Charlotte Survey at County Solid Waste Convenience Centers
  - 2019: 1,957 participants
  - 2021: 1,558 participants









#### Our Voice - Our Water Lincoln Heights, Northwood Estates & Washington Heights Collaborations for Creating Voice In Order to Improve Surface Water Quality

We would like to understand your perspective on litter and trash, local streams and lakes, flooding associated with safety concerns, and storm drainage infrastructure in your neighborhood. Your thoughts, opinions, and experiences are important to us. They will enable our project in empowering citizens of Charlotte-Mecklenburg with a voice and role in municipal stormwater program goals. We will keep your responses and personal information confidential and will only report your results anonymously with other members of your respective local neighborhood associations.

Thank you for your time and insight!

#### Demographic Questions:

These questions are optional and any information you share will be kept completely confidential.

- 1. We collaborate with several neighborhoods. Which neighborhood do you live in?
- (1) Historic Lincoln Heights
   (2) Historic Washington Heights
   (3) Northwood Estates
   (4) Other Neighborhood: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(please provide neighborhood name & zip code)
   (5) Other City (outside of Charlotte): \_\_\_\_\_\_(please provide city & zip code)

#### 2. Check ALL the following that describes your race/ethnicity:

(1) African American/Black	(5) Native American
(2) Asian/Indian	(6) White/Caucasian
(3) Asian/Pacific Islander	(7) Other:
(4) Hispanic/Latino	

#### 3. What is your age range?

(1) Under 18	(5) 55-64
(2) 18-34	(6) 65 or older
(3) 35-44	
(4) 45-54	

#### 4. What is your gender?

	(1)	Mal	e
_	1.1		-

(2) Female

\_\_\_\_ (3) Other

Storm drains are open grates you see located along roads and parking lots.

Are you aware that water that flows into storm drains from impervious surfaces, such as roads and sidewalks, typically goes directly to local creeks, ponds, and lakes?

\_\_\_\_ (2) No

The stormwater that flows into storm drains picks up litter, chemicals and other pollutants from impervious surfaces (roads, sidewalks, etc.) and does not get treated at a facility before entering our waterways.

Are you aware that litter on the ground picked up by stormwater can make our streams and lakes unclean and unsafe?

\_\_\_\_ (1) Yes

\_\_\_\_ (1) Yes

\_\_\_\_ (2) No

Stormwater infrastructure refers to pipes and other structures that carry stormwater throughout our community.

How concerned are you about broken stormwater infrastructure and the problems associated with it, such as the potential for localized flooding and erosion?

(1) Very concerned	(3) Slightly concerned
(2) Moderately concerned	(4) Not concerned

 Bulky items such as couches, mattresses, and tires sometimes end up in our streams, lakes and rivers because of illegal dumping.

Are you aware that bulky waste must be scheduled for collection and items placed at the curb without scheduling with Char Meck 311 or Solid Waste Services WILL NOT be collected, causing trash accumulation?

9. Would you consider flooding an issue in your neighborhood?

\_\_\_\_(1) Yes

\_\_\_\_(1) Yes

\_\_\_\_ (2) No

\_\_\_\_ (2) No

- 10. Have you experienced property damage due to flooding while living in Charlotte-Mecklenburg?
- 11. Which of the following would motivate you the MOST to volunteer to help reduce surface water pollution? (Please choose the ONE best answer)
  - (1) Being recognized publicly as a volunteer, such as your picture on social media
- (2) Knowing more about how your actions would have a positive impact on reducing surface water pollution
- \_\_\_\_ (3) Knowing it would take less than 2 hours
- (4) Knowing plenty of details about the work and time commitment
- (5) The volunteer event is located within 5 miles or less of your home
- \_\_\_\_(6) Other:\_\_\_\_



		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1.	The cleanliness of areas around streams and creeks in my neighborhood is of importance to me.	5	4	3	2	1
2.	Having thriving and diverse aquatic life in local creeks is important.	5	4	3	2	1
3.	I am concerned about the impacts from stormwater pollution on my local drinking water sources.	5	4	3	2	1
4.	I am concerned about the impacts of stormwater pollution on my ability to enjoy local creeks for recreational purposes.	5	4	3	2	1
5.	I am concerned about the amount of litter and trash in my neighborhood.	5	4	3	2	1
6.	I am aware of persistent environmental issues in my neighborhood.	5	4	3	2	1
7.	It is important to collect leaves and other yard waste for curbside collection or composting, rather than allow it to be swept up by stormwater.	5	4	3	2	1
8.	It is important for people to pick up after their pets to ensure pet waste does not degrade surface water quality.	5	4	3	2	1
9.	I feel confident and understand the process of reporting pollution in a creek, lake or storm drain to 3-1-1.	5	4	3	2	1
10.	When reporting to 3-1-1 my issues get resolved in a timely manner.	5	4	3	2	1
11.	I would be willing to help with community cleanup days where we pick up litter along creeks and natural areas.	5	4	3	2	1
12.	I trust Charlotte - Mecklenburg to provide services to the community fairly.	5	4	3	2	1

12. Please indicate how strongly you feel about the following statements:

12a. Comments for responses above:

13. What do you feel are the most important environmental issues in your neighborhood? By environment we mean water, air, land, and all the natural areas and resources.

14. In your opinion, what are the best ways to clean up the creeks, streams, and the surrounding areas in your neighborhood?

Information about stormwater infrastructure, pollution, flooding, and volunteer opportunities is communicated to residents in many ways (i.e., television, radio, social media, and direct mail).

15. Have you heard or seen any information from Charlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services in the past 12 months?

> \_\_\_\_ (2) No \_\_\_\_ (1) Yes

16. How would you prefer to receive information? (Please enter a "1" and "2" next to the TWO options you choose in the list below.)

(1) Mail / Utility bill insert	(6) Social media
(2) Radio	(7) Other:
(3) Storm Water Services website	(8) None of the above
(4) Email	
(5) TV	

For more information about the WRRI-SWC Grant please visit ourvoiceourwater.com. If you have additional questions, please contact Dr. Bryan Patterson at 704-378-1254, Bpatterson@jcsu.edu or Daisha Williams at daishasrpc@gmail.com.

Thank you and let your voice be heard!

If you would like to participate in our grant project, learn about volunteer opportunities or receive information about Storm Water Services, please provide your contact information below.

Name:

Mailing Address:

Email:

Phone:







Age

# **Survey Demographics**

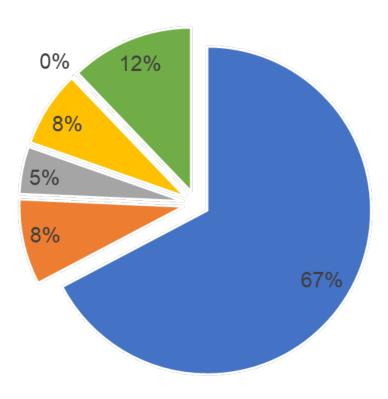
### Race/Ethnicity

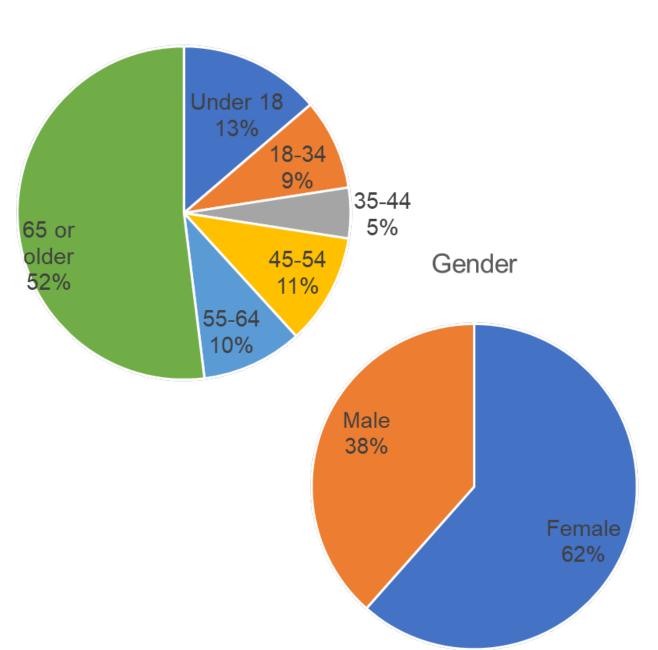
African American/Black
 Asian/Pacific Islander
 Native American

Asian/Indian

Hispanic/Latino

White/Caucasian

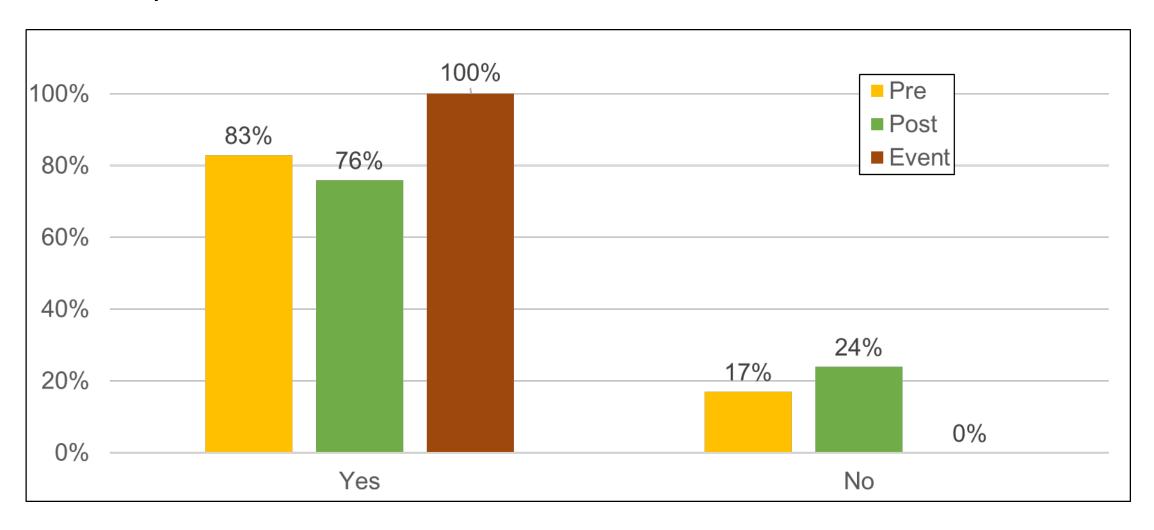








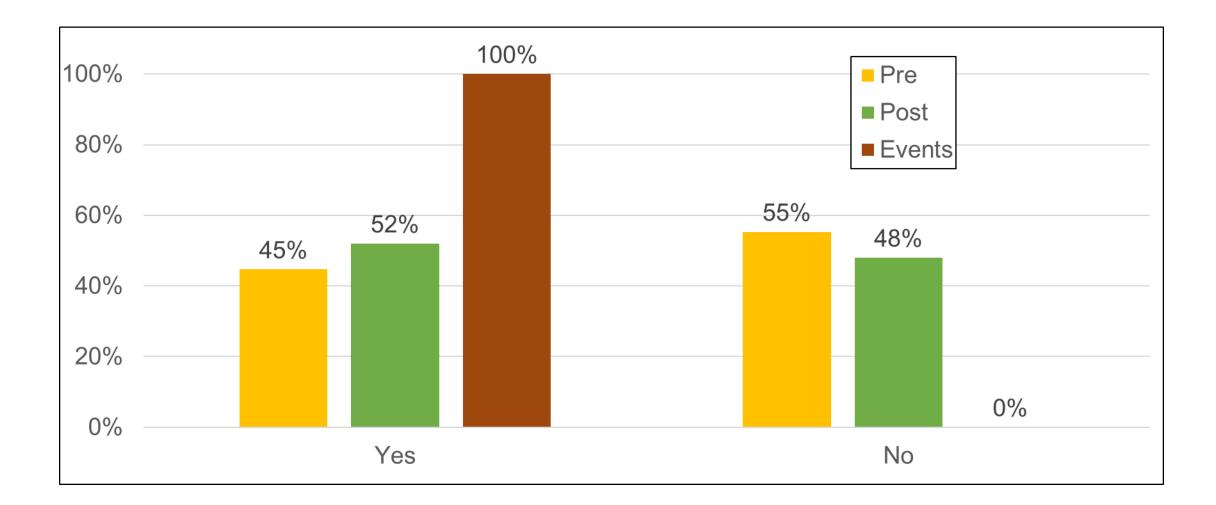
Are you aware that water that flows into storm drains from impervious surfaces, such as roads and sidewalks, typically goes directly to local creeks, ponds, and lakes?







### Would you consider flooding an issue in your neighborhood?







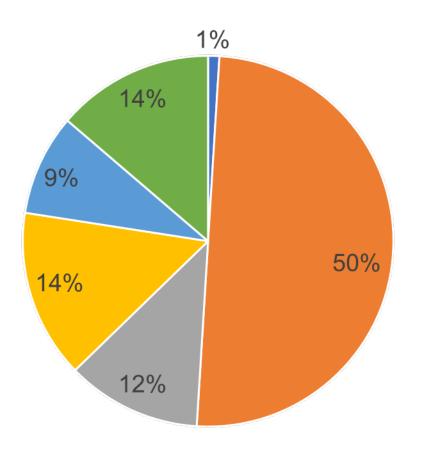
# Evaluating Strength of Feelings

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
3	I am concerned about the impacts from stormwater pollution on my local drinking water sources.	80%	15%	3%	2%	0%
5	I am concerned about the amount of litter and trash in my neighborhood.	67%	18%	9%	6%	0%
9	I feel confident and understand the process of reporting pollution in a creek, lake or storm drain to 3-1-1.	57%	19%	15%	9%	0%
12.	I trust Charlotte - Mecklenburg to provide services to the community fairly.	44%	28%	24%	4%	0%





# Which of the following would motivate you the MOST to volunteer to help reduce surface water pollution?

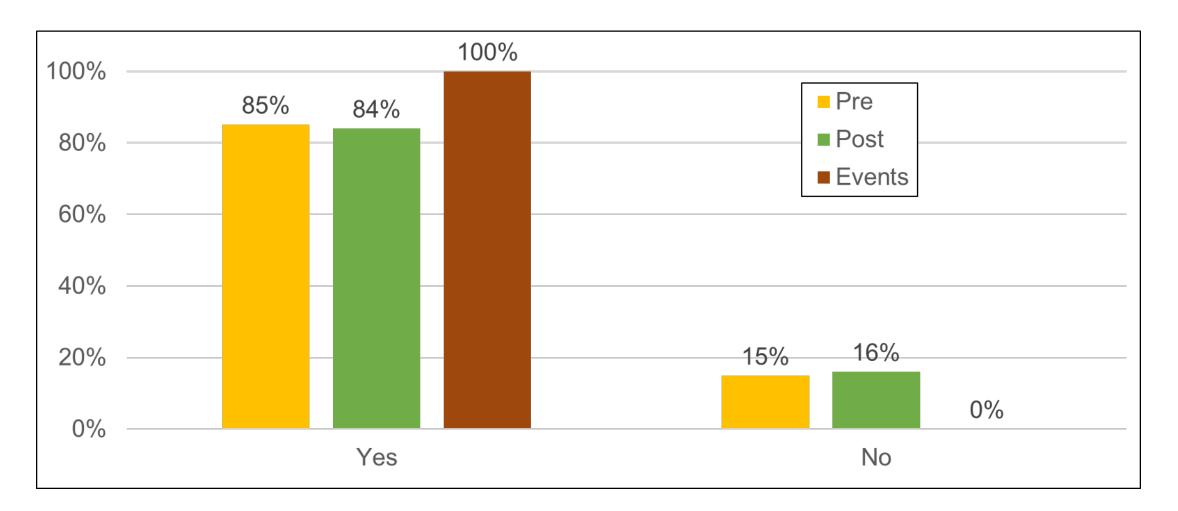


- Being recognized publicly as a volunteer, such as your picture on social media.
- Knowing more about how your actions would have a positive impact on reducing surface water pollution.
- Knowing it would take less than 2 hours.
- Knowing plenty of details about the work and time commitment.
- The volunteer event is located within 5 miles or less of your home
- Other (please specify):





Are you aware that litter on the ground picked up by stormwater can make our streams and lakes unclean and unsafe?





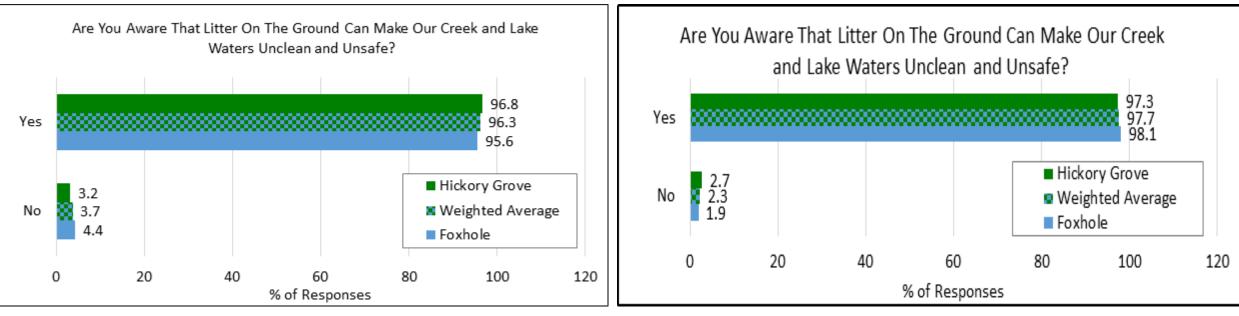
# Mecklenburg County Solid Waste Convenience Center Survey

- 1,957 surveys in September-October 2019
- 1,558 surveys in June 2021





• Awareness that liter on the ground can make our creek and lake waters unclean and unsafe did not change significantly across the County







### ( data

### **Educational Materials**



- Citizen's Guide for Stormwater
- Educational Modules: (1) What is Stormwater? (2) What are stormwater pollutants?
- Earth Day Bingo
- Multiple newsletters, handouts, etc.

#### Citizens Guide to Stormwater Understanding the Storm Drainage System

#### WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDRESSING STORMWATER CONCERNS?

The City of Charlotte repairs and improves the City torm drainage system located within: • Publicly maintained City streets • City rights-of way • Specific areas where the City has entered into a legal easement agreement with a property owner

Private property owners are responsible for all other storm drainage systems

#### PROCESS AND FOLLOW UP OF REPORTED CONCERNS

 Reported stormwater concerns are first assessed to ensure that they meet the minimum requirements for Charlotte-Mecklenburg Stormwater Services (CMSWS) to investigate the issues. The minimum requirements are:

- Stormwater from a city street must contribute to the drainage concern.
- The drainage concern must by addressed by the Stormwater Program, for example broken stormwater infrastructure such as drains and grates, blocked pipes, flooded City street etc.
- · The City storm drainage system must be
- improved by the addressing the stormwater concern.

 If the stormwater concern meets any minimum requirement, it is then assessed on its risk to the public. This risk is determined by factors such as condition, capacity and performance of the existing storm drainage concern.

 Once the concern is evaluated, CMSWS then addresses the issues and uses the results of reported concerns to identify future storm drainage improvements.

#### CITIZEN CONCERNS THAT ARE NOT ADDRESSED BY THE STORMWATER SERVICES PROGRAM

 Trash accumulation, especially bulky items such as couches and furmiture. These items must be scheduled for pick up with Solid Waste Services. You can schedule pick up here: https://servicerequest.charlottene.gov/service/BU LKITEM or by calling 3-1-1 to schedule.
 Citizen or neighbor disputes.
 Yard flooding and other drainage issues caused by landscapes.
 Erosion along a creek.
 Runoff from adjacent private properties.
 Occurrence of wildlife such as makes, bugs etc. in your yard or in a neighbors yard.



#### WHEN IT RAINS-IT DRAINS!

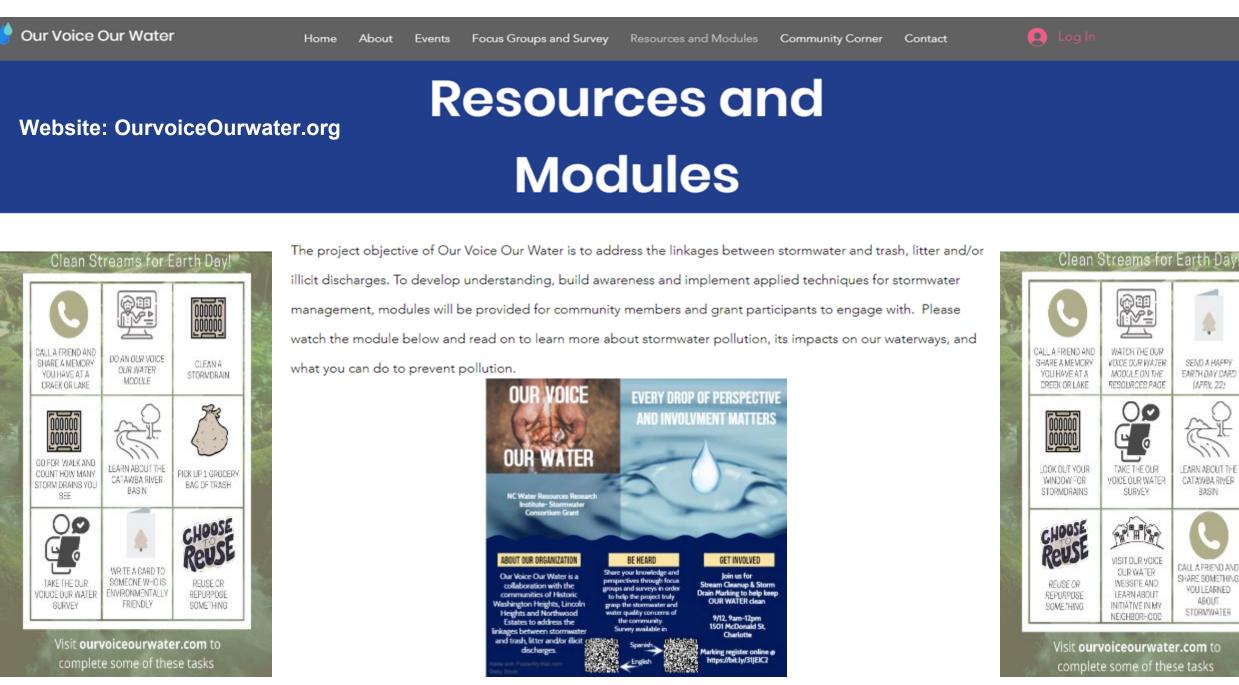
Rain and melting snow create runoff as they move across the landscape to lakes, streams, rivers, and other waterways. In natural areas, this water is typically infiltrated back into the ground due to soil and natural coverage. However, in urban areas, such as here in Charlotte most stormwater falls onto impervious surfaces such as streets, sidewalks, parking lots, roofs, and carries pesticides, fertilizers, oils, metals, salt, bacteria, litter, yard waste, sediment, and other materials found on these surfaces down storm drains and into waterways. Unlike wastewater, stormwater is not treated before it empties into nearby bodies of water.

A stormwater system in a city that consists of storm drains, gutters, and catch basins is called a municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4). MS4 regulations require that municipalities educate citizens on stormwater management issues and include them in solving stormwater problems, make plans to detect and stop illicit discharges, control runoff on construction sites, and more.













# 3-1-1 Calls Data Evaluation

- Two rounds of analysis

   January 2018- March 2020
   April 2020- January 2021



- Purpose: Understand types of issues community members are reporting to the city as it relates to stormwater, environmental pollution and degradation to build content for 3-1-1 workshop and educational • materials.
- Main areas of concern: •
  - Missed garbage, recycling, or leaf/lawn pickups Illegal dumping Spilled garbage from sanitation services Junk accumulation

  - Bulky items
  - Tires
  - Blockage storm drains, pipes, ditches, and streams



### FY 2020 Data

Call Type	Lincoln Heights	Washington Heights	Northwood Estates
Missed Garbage Pick Up	73	57	30
Missed Recycling Pick Up	71	21	37
Missed Yard Waste Pick Up	58	12	9
Tires	23	14	16
Missed Bulky Item Pick Up	18	19	1
Junk Accumulation	16	28	18
Illegal Dumping	10	7	5
Bulky Items at Curb	8	6	2
Street Sweeping Request	6	6	5
Clean Catch Basin Request	5	2	0
Stormwater	4	1	1
Blockage	3	0	0
Spilled Garbage	3	2	2
Flooding	2	1	3
Citizen Feedback	1	0	9
Spilled Recycyling	1	0	6
Erosion	0	0	3
Trash Pick Up Request	0	2	0

### FY 2021 Data

Call Type	Lincoln Heights	Washington Heights	Northwood Estates
Trash Accumulation	56	48	50
Tires	35	29	69
Illegal Dumping	27	20	47
Blockage	21	10	2
Street Sweeping Request	15	10	2
Spill Garbage/Recycling	9	6	145
Flooding	6	6	11
<b>Construction Debris</b>	3	0	2
Erosion	1	0	10
Storm drain damage	1	2	2





# "3-1-1 Having a Voice" Virtual Workshop

Citizens are Being Heard and Seeking to Bring Forward Two – Way Communication Between Citizens and Charlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services along with other City of Charlotte Entities

Virtual Meeting Via Zoom: June 22nd 6-7:30pm

Presenters and attendees have capabilities for speaking, asking questions, and discussing topics of concern.

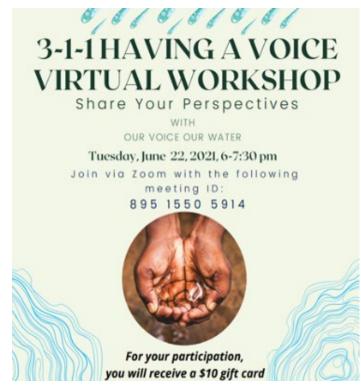
Goals:

- Seeking to have a dynamic engaging discussion.
- Sharing ideas not just doing presentations.
- Continued communication and collaboration.



### Citizens Participation in Having a Voice

- Emails and Phone Calls
  - Citizens met throughout research.
  - Contact information with survey for interest in volunteering.
- Seeking community members to invite others
  - Requested assistance in meeting neighbors to invite them.
  - Met with citizens in their neighborhood to discuss workshop.
  - Citizens took announcements and invited their neighbors.
- Provided meals at a common location for pickup by attendees.
- Provided \$10 gift cards to participants.
- Encouraged neighborhood participation with grants for 15<sup>+</sup> participants.







"Our Voice, Our Water" – Sharing Perspectives	Bryan Patterson, Johnson C. Smith University, Assistant Professor of Interdisciplinary Studies, Chair of Public Leadership Studies Program Daisha Williams, Resilience Corps NC, Regional Stormwater Educator Kari Rayburn, Rising Solutions PLLC, VP of Chemistry and Engineering	Contact information for Speakers: Erika Wiley, City of Charlotte Community Relations Specialist - Solid Waste Services Erika.Wiley@charlottenc.gov Kate Labadorf, City of Charlotte Strategic Planning Program Manager Kate.Labadorf@charlottenc.gov Keshia Brinkley, City of Charlotte	Community Resources Contacts: Jonathan Hill, City of Charlotte, Housing and Neighborhood Services Program Manager, Keep Charlotte Beaut Jonathan.Hill@charlottenc.gov "Our Voice Our Water" Team WRRI-SWC Grant Project Bryan Patterson, Johnson C. Smith Unive Assistant Professor of Interdisciplinary St
Workshop Overview	Regina Guyer, Rising Solutions, PLLC, President	311 Program Analyst	Chair of Public Leadership Studies Progra
3-1-1 – Helping Citizens navigate the system and how	Linette McCallum, City of Charlotte,	Keshia.Brinkley@charlottenc.gov	bpatterson@jcsu.edu
this service works.	Partner Liaison Manager Housing and Neighborhood Services – CharMeck 311 Keshia Brinkley, City of Charlotte,	Linette McCallum, City of Charlotte Partner Liaison Manager Housing and Neighborhood Services – CharMeck 311 Linette.McCallum@charlottenc.gov	Daisha Williams, Resilience Corps NC Regional Stormwater Educator daishasrpc@gmail.com
	311 Program Analyst	Matt Gustis, City of Charlotto	Kari Rayburn, Rising Solutions PLLC VP of Chemistry and Engineering
Stormwater Pollution – How it affects us, what we can	Sharnelle Currence, City of Charlotte,	Matt Gustis, City of Charlotte, Engineering Program Manager Matt.Gustis@CharlotteNC.gov	Kari.Raburn@RisingSolutionsPLLC.com
do to make a difference and how to report it. Stormwater Related Problems: Flooding, Sinkholes, Erosion - why these problems occur, how to report, stormwater investigations, protocols and criteria for determining work.	Sr. Public Information Specialist Kate Labadorf, City of Charlotte, Strategic Planning Program Manager	Shamelle G. Currence, City of Charlotte Sr. Public Information Specialist Shamelle.Currence@CharlotteNC.gov	Regina Guyer, Rising Solutions PLLC President <u>Regina.Guyer@RisingSolutionsPLLC.com</u>
Stormwater Projects – Examples of the breadth of stormwater related projects done by Charlotte- Mecklenburg Storm Water Services.	Matt Gustis, City of Charlotte, Engineering Program Manager	Additional Charlotte-Mecklenburg     Storm Water Services Contacts:     Ashley Smith,     Charlotte Mecklenburg Storm Water Services     Services	
Solid Waste – Pick up updates, Bulky items, illegal dumping, and missed trash pickup.	Erika Wiley, City of Charlotte, Community Relations Specialist - Solid Waste Services	<ul> <li>Senior Environmental Specialist ashley.smith@mecklenburgcountync.gov</li> </ul>	
Introduction to Individuals Who Are Your Resources	Regina Guyer	David Caldwell,	
Open Dialogue and Share (Comments, Questions, and Ideas) Verbally and through Zoom "Chat"	All Attendees Facilitators: Bryan Patterson Regina Guyer	Charlotte Mecklenburg Storm Water Services Environmental Supervisor David.Caldwell@mecklenburgcountync.gov	
Meeting Summary, Appreciation, Next Steps	Bryan Patterson	Ken Friday.	
Attendees Complete Information for Gift Cards via Chat	biyan ratterson	Charlotte Mecklenburg Storm Water Services	
Link Survey		Environmental Specialist	
Adjourn/End of Workshop	Bryan Patterson	Kenneth.Friday@mecklenburgcountync.gov	
Aujourn/End of Workshop	bryan Patterson	_	



### 311 Having a Voice Workshop

Empowering Communities with a Voice and Role in Municipal Stormwater Program Goals





# 311 Having a Voice Workshop Discussions

- Provided an overview of the different services related to 3-1-1.
- Discussed "how" the various municipalities create their priority list.
- Requested more accountability for services (timelines for actions).
- Discussed the role of solid waste services.
- Discussed the local and neighborhood flooding and great impacts.
- How do you identify the proper resources for requested or needed for emergency services?





### Focus Group Questionnaire

- What are your community's experience with stormwater? Are you aware of any experiences your neighborhood has had with stormwater, such as a stormwater construction project, volunteer event, pollution issues, or flooding?
- What is your awareness of the stormwater drains in your community and where they go? Are there stormwater drains near your home? Have you noticed if the drains become blocked by litter, leaves, debris, or in other ways?
- As these drains flow directly into streams and lakes, only stormwater should flow through them. Other materials put into storm drains pollute our water and are considered illegal dumping. Even items placed NEAR stormwater drains, can flow into the stormwater drains if liquid or be carried into them by stormwater.





### Focus Groups Results

- Major theme identified were that most participants wanted to be -"System Changers", which meant that people wanted to make the community a more welcoming and better. Noting not all participants were equipped with the knowledge to bring about the systematic change.
- Participants shared that they felt they were positively impacting their community, however many others in the community were not. There was a need to "connect the dots" on the roles and responsibilities of all.
- Many participants shared that they were retired and have lived in the community for over 15 years. Therefore, their investment in change would be meaningful; many were concerned that newer residents did not have the same level of investment.
- They all identified as being concerned about issues around the stormwater awareness. Participants felt the need for the city and county to have a greater presence on addressing these issues in their respective communities.
- Many participants felt they had a personal stake in addressing issues of inequities in neighborhoods.
- They all identified issues and incidents that had affected them personally and involved the community.



### Our Water

- Stream Assessments
- Stream Cleanup and Storm Drain Marking













				CONDITION	CATEGORY	,			
TRASH ITEM TALLY (Tally with (a) if	found above high water line, and () if below)		Trash	Optimal	Sub optimal	Marginal	Poor		
PLASTIC # Above # Below	METAL # Above # Below		Assessment		-	-			
Plastic Bags	Aluminum Foil		Parameter	0.6.1.1	On Section Links	Trash is evident in low	To b Francisco		
Plastic Bottles	Aluminum or Steel Cans		1. Level of Trash	On first glance, no trash visible. Little or no	On first glance, little or no trash visible. After	to medium levels (51-	<ul> <li>Trash distracts the glance. Stream, ba</li> </ul>		
Plastic Bottle Caps	Bottle Caps		11450	trash (<10 pieces) evident when streambed	close inspection small levels of trash (10-50	100 pieces) on first glance. Stream, bank	surfaces, and imme riparian zone conta		
Plastic Cup Lid/Straw	Matal Dine Sagrantz					surfaces, and riparian	substantial levels of		
Plastic Pipe Segments	Metal Pipe Segurit Auto Part specify close ft litte	nr nc	$c \cap c d$	mon	ream bank and	zone contain litter and			
Plastic Six-Pack Rings	Wire (barb, chicken wire etc.)	zi as	2623	inter and delta, so instance by halfing	streambed.	debris. Evidence of si being used by people:	te Evidence of site be frequently by peop		
Plastic Wrapper				under leaves.		scattered cans, bottles,			
Soft Plastic Pieces	I APCE (specify below) # Abaya # Below					food wrappers, blankets, clothing,	wrappers, blankets	, clothing.	
Hard Plastic Pieces	Appliances Standard Contract C	<b>~</b>	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	54321		
	Appliances St St O A A	$\mathbf{P}$	2. Actual	0 to 10 trash items found based on a trash	11 to 50 trash items found based on a trash	51 to 100 trash items found based on a trash	Over 100 trash iter based on a trash as		
Styrofoam cups pieces	Fumiture <b>±</b> 510110		Number of	assessment of a 100-	assessment of a 100-	assessment of a 100-	a 100-foot stream		
Styrofoam Pellets	Garbage bags of Trash		Trash Items Found	foot stream reach.	foot stream reach.	foot stream reach.			
Fishing Line	Tires		SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	54321	0	
Tarp	Shopping Carts		3. Threat to	Trash, if any, is mostly	Little or no (<10 pieces)	Medium prevalence	Large amount (>50	) pieces) of	
Other (write-in)	Other (write-in)		Aquatic Life	paper or wood products or other biodegradable	transportable, persistent, buoyant litter	(10-50 pieces) of transportable,	transportable, pers buoyant litter such		
BIOHAZARD # Above # Below	TOXIC # Above # Below			materials.	such as: hard or soft	persistent, buoyant litt	er soft plastics, ballo	ons,	
Human Waste/Diapers	Chemical Containers			Note: A land small of	plastics, Styrofoam, balloons, cigarette butts.	such as: hard or soft plastics, Styrofoam,	Styrofoam, cigaret toxic items such as		
Pet Waste	Oil/Surfactant on Warr hreats t	to ac	+	upi biod gud the	Presence of settleable,	balloons, cigarette but			
Syringes or Pipettes	Spray Paint Calls	lU du	ludu	material like food vante	degradable, and non- traic debris such as	Larger deposits (< 50 pieces) of settleable	clumps of yard wa dumped leaf litter;		
Dead Animals				demand, and should not	giass or metal.	debris such as glass or	amount (>50 piece	s) of	
Other (write-in)	Small Batteries			be scored as optimal.		metal. Any evidence of		metal.	
CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS#Above #Below	Vehicle Batteries Other (write-in)	n a a l t	h			CONDITION	CATEGORY		
Concrete (not placed)	Other (write-in)	וכמונ	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 1 Trash	Optimal	Sub optimal	Marginal	Poor
Rebar	BIODEGRADABLE # Above# Below		4. Threat to	Trash contains no evidence of bacteria or	No ba Assessment hazard Paramatar				
Bricks	Paper		Human	virus hazards such as	toxics	D: No evidence of	D: Some evidence of	D: Presence of one of	D: Evidence of chronic
Wood Debris	Cardboard			medical waste, diapers,	smill Dumping	illegal dumping. No	illegal dumping.	the following: furniture,	dumping, with more than
Other (write-in)	Cardboard Food Waste ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●		16/	evidence of toxic	acital	bags of trash, no yard waste, no household	Limited vehicular access limits the	appliances, shopping carts, bags of garbage	one of the following items: furniture, appliances,
MISCELLANEOUS # Above # Below		יקייי	10/	substances such a	as orol	items placed at site to	amount of potential	or yard waste, coupled	shopping carts, bags of
Synthetic Rubber	Leaf Litter Piles			batteries. No ponded	presen	avoid proper disposal, no shopping carts.	dumping, or material dumped is diffuse	with vehicular access that facilitates in-and-	garbage, or yard waste. Easy vehicular access for in-and-
Foam Rubber	Other (write-in) GLASS			water for mosquito production. No	water such a	no snopping carts.	paper-based debris.	out dumping of	out dumping of materials to
Balloons	GLASS # Above # Below			evidence of puncture	contai			materials to avoid landfill costs.	avoid landfill costs.
Ceramic pots/shards	Glass bottles			and laceration hazards	facilit			and the costs.	
Hose Pieces	Glass pieces			such as broken glass or metal debris.	produs Illegal	L: Any trash is	L: Some evidence of	L: Prevalent (10-50	L: Large amount (>50 pieces
Cigarette Butts	FABRIC AND CLOT # Above # Below Synthetic Fabric (cottle, above CUMU)		SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 1 Littering	incidental litter (< 5	litter within creek and	pieces) in-stream or	of litter within creek and on
Golf Balls	Synthetic Fabr	ATIO				pieces) or carried downstream from	banks originating from adjacent land uses (<10	shoreline littering that	banks that appears to originate from adjacent land
Tennis Balls	Natural Fabric (cotton, wool)					another location.	adjacent land uses (<10 pieces).	appears to originate from adjacent land uses.	originate from adjacent land uses.
Other (write-in)	Other (write-in)				D-SCORE	*V /	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
Total pieces Above: Belo	ow: Grand total:				L-SCORE	10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
Tally all trash in above rows; make notes below as	s needed to facilitate scoring.				6. Accum- ulation of	There does not appear to be a problem with	Some evidence (<10 pieces) that litter and	Evidence that (10 to 50 pieces) trash is carried	Trash appears to have accumulated in substantial
Littered:					Trash	trash accumulation from	debris have been	to the location from	quantities at the location
Dumped:					11450	downstream transport. Trash, if any, appears to	transported from upstream areas to the	upstream, as evidenced by its location near high	based on delivery from upstream areas, and is in
Downstream Accumulation:						have been directly	location, based on	water line, siltation	various states of degradation
SPECIFIC DESCRIPTION OF ITEMS FOUN	D:					deposited at the stream location.	evidence such as silt marks, faded colors or	marks on the debris, or faded colors.	based on its persistence in th waterbody. Over 50 items of
						needblock.	location near high water	sadda contra.	trash have been carried to the
					1				
					SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	location from upstream. 5 4 3 2 1 0

### Empowering Citizens with a Voice and Role in Municipal Stormwater, " Our Voice Our Water"



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# **Elementary School**



### Stream cleanup:

- 9 participants
- 80 trash bags collected
- 6 mattresses and a hutch

### Storm drain marking:

- 20 participants
- 196 drains marked
- 15 trash bags collected

### Learning from Citizens:

Neighbor spoke up about source of trash

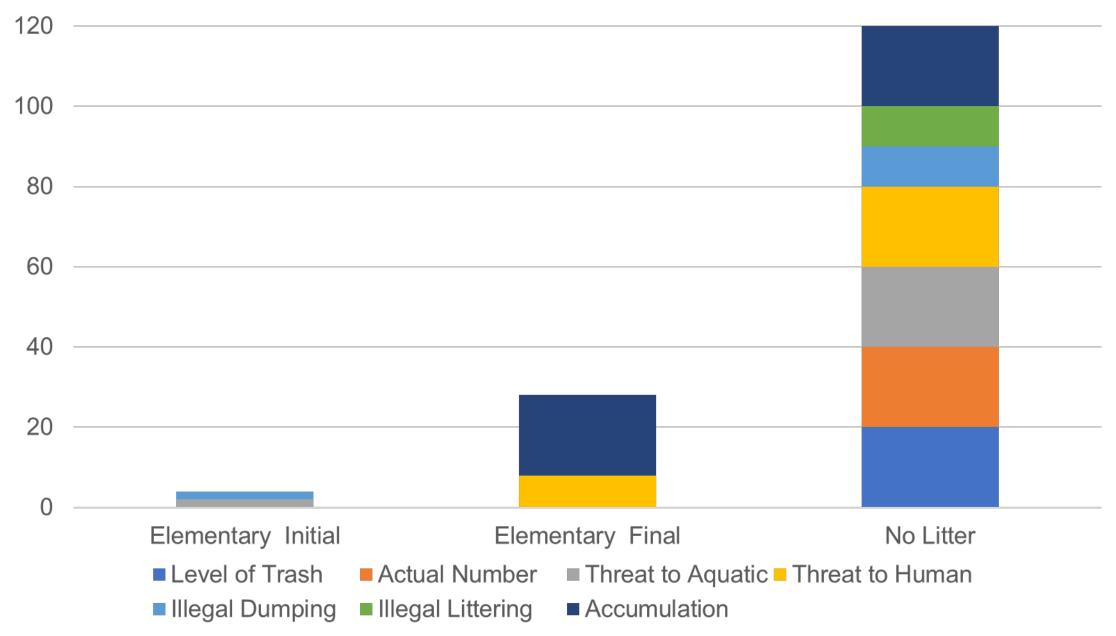


### Collaboration: Charlotte-Mecklenburg

Stormwater Services Coordinated

- 1. Solid Waste Division for illegal dumping actions.
- 2. Center for Employment Opportunity Work Crew Clean up of 1.5 Tons.





### Empowering Citizens with a Voice and Role in Municipal Stormwater, " Our Voice Our Water"





6.

# Stream Cleanups Storm Drain Marking



- 44 participants: 60 bags of trash, tires and furniture
- 1630 McDonald St (Sept 2020)
  - 20 stream participants: 50 bags of trash collected including 4 tires, a car seat, and four bikes (~ 1,500 lbs of trash)
  - 11 stormdrain participants: 89 storm drains marked
- Northwood Estates (Nov 2020)
  - 4 participants: 30+ storm drains marked and passed out yard waste
    - namer bags to neighbors







- 9 stream participants: 80 trash bags collected, 6 mattresses and a hutch
- 20 storm drain participants: 196 storm drains marked, 15 trash bags collected
- 1832 Griers Grove Rd (Mar 2021)
  - 12 participants: 10 bags of trash, tire, and a box fan
- 1321 Capps Hill Mine Rd (Apr 2021)
  - 27 stream participants: 75 trash bags, 18 tires, mattress (~ 2000 lbs of trash)
  - 28 storm drain participants: 277 storm
     drains marked

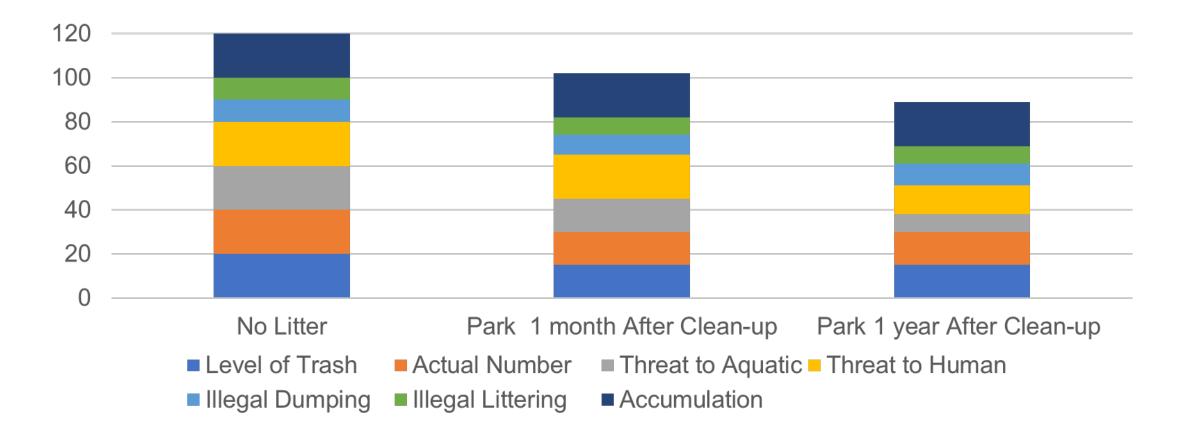








## How often to repeat clean up locations?







## Momentum to Continue

- Two-way communication with citizens and Charlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services
- Continued support and collaboration with Charlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services
  - Attending Neighborhood Meetings
  - Stream Clean Ups and Storm Drain Marking in neighborhoods
  - Assessment of community needs in "hot spot" areas
- Project Community Grants
  - Citizens develop ideas for grants to improve their community
  - Citizens participate in improving their community
- Continue to be involved with Neighborhood
  - National Night Out Backpack Donations
  - Blackness is...
- Continued engagement with Johnson C. Smith University
- Disseminate research findings and empowerment model







# Neighborhood Empowerment Model

- 1. Meet citizens in your community.
- 2. Seek to gain citizens' perspectives Listen.
- 3. Review historic data from the neighborhood/citizens.
- 4. Realize the uniqueness of each neighborhood.
- 5. Develop educational materials tailored to citizens.
- 6. Create an opportunity for citizens to have a voice.
- 7. Gain insight from small group discussions.
- 8. Track environmental measures to visualize and inform citizens while evaluating environmental improvements.
- 9. Engage citizens to volunteer and participate in events.



### (1)

### Lessons Learned

- Work with and through the leaders of the neighborhoods.
- Find interested citizens who are active within the neighborhood.
- Have personal interactions to engage with citizens.
- Realize each neighborhood and community have unique dynamics.
- Host volunteer events within the community.
- Monitor litter and stream impacts.
- Seek to be involved with the neighborhood events and needs.
- Listen let your citizens have a Voice.
- Involve engage citizens in improving their community .
- Provide food.





# **Researchers Conveying Citizens' Perspectives**

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### With Gratitude to Each WRRI-SWC member!